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## TRENDS IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF PRIVATE FARMS IN THE CONTEXT OF ECONOMIC SECURITY COMPONENTS

The transition to a market economy based on private property and the general business development provides a comprehensive reorganization and restructuring of agricultural production, the introduction of different legal forms.

Thus, one of the important issues is the study of the state subsidiary farming, which is the basis of the peasant way of life as established order in agrarian relations, life, family and rural society. This structure is based on the type of family ownership; it has long traditions transmitted by peasants from generation to generation.

As a result of major structural changes in agricultural production has significantly increased the proportion of products produced in the private sector — namely in subsistence agriculture, so we must estimate aforementioned transformations in terms of determining the

significance of the operation and development of private farms in the context of economic security of business.

In scientific achievements of V. Ambrosov, L. Bulavka, S. Kovalova, N. Kutsmus, T. Marenich, M. Horungiy, A. Havrylyak, P. Sabluk investigated operating conditions of private farms through public support – fiscal, credit, pricing, tax, insurance, investment, innovation, information, personnel.

However, modern scientific achievements insufficiently cover problems of estimation of functioning of private farms in the context of economic security of business and future development. In this regard, the development of private farms in the economic relations in agricultural production requires theoretical study and development of practical measures for the effective implementation of the development.