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FEATURES OF MULTI-LEVEL SYSTEM OF COOPERATION IN RURAL AREAS

The article deals with effective multi-level model of agricultural cooperation, which must include certain types of cooperatives and their unions or associations of different territorial levels, united by common goals and objectives. Association of cooperatives and their unions in the system increases their vitality, strengthens the competitive advantages of cooperative organizations in economy, which helps overcome depression in rural areas.

Interaction of agricultural cooperatives of large agribusiness enterprises, trade networks, social institutions is based on reduction of commodity manufactured by small and medium agricultural producers in line with the level of requirements to the quality of ag-

ricultural products. Such cooperation requires the establishment of a cooperative logistics centers, warehouses of long-term storage, infrastructure on sorting, pre-sales, cleaning, packaging and certification of agricultural products. Production capacity for such training can be created by cooperatives and their processing plants involving local authorities, rural enterprises and private investors.

Cooperatives have become business entities, the operation of which aims not only to meet own needs of households, but also to make a profit. Otherwise, the cooperative will not have the necessary financial resources for investment, and will not be able to rely on credit support in terms of seasonal agricultural production.